

Звёздный английский

Сборник
грамматических
упражнений

8




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Звёздный **АНГЛИЙСКИЙ**

АНГЛИЙСКИЙ ЯЗЫК

Сборник грамматических упражнений

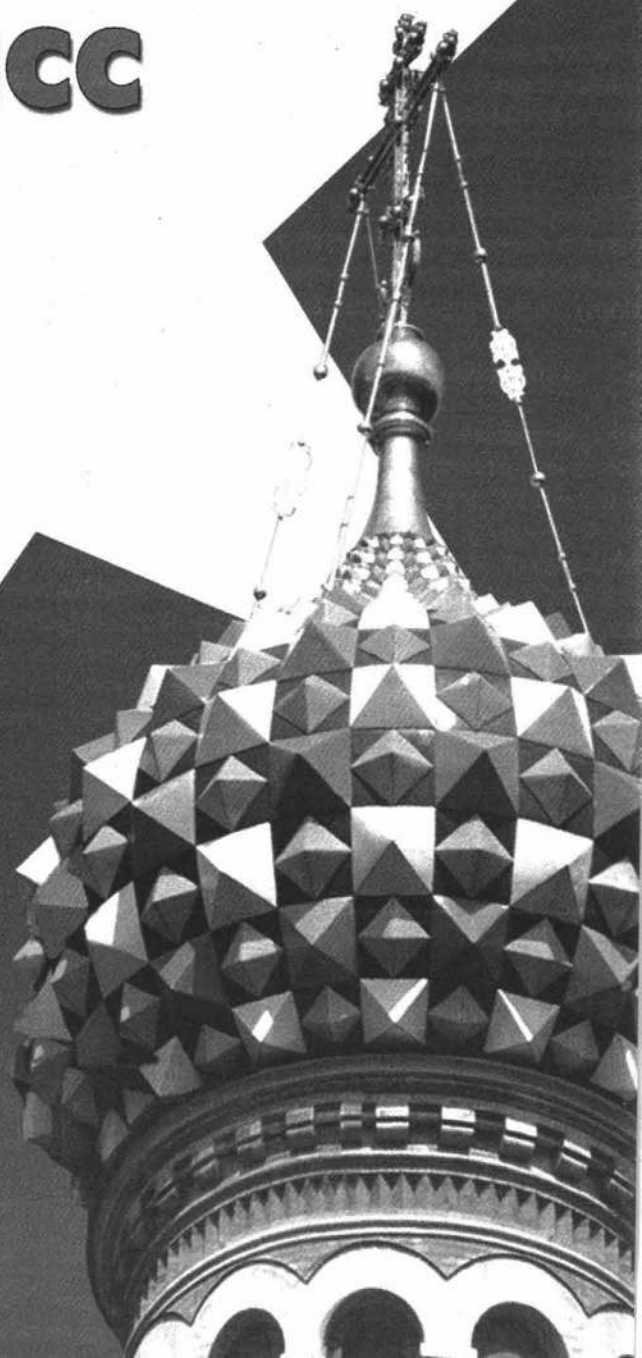
8 класс

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Учебное пособие
для общеобразовательных
организаций и школ
с углублённым изучением
английского языка

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Учебное пособие для общеобразовательных организаций
и школ с углублённым изучением английского языка

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Module 1

1 Choose the correct answer.

1. My friend ____ playing football very much.
a) like b) is liking c) likes d) am liking
2. Nancy sometimes ____ the dishes after dinner.
a) washes b) does washes c) is washing d) wash
3. We ____ tea now. I'll call you later.
a) have b) is having c) has d) are having
4. Ann ____ to school every day.
a) goes b) gos c) go d) is going
5. Look! The child ____! Do something!
a) are crying b) is crying c) is criing d) are criing
6. I ____ what you are saying.
a) doesn't understand
b) am not understanding
c) amn't understanding
d) don't understand
7. My colleague ____ about buying a new computer because his is broken.
a) thinks b) is thinking c) are thinking d) think
8. He ____ so fast now! I am sure he will win the race!
a) is runing b) is running c) runs d) runns
9. I ____ that he is a good man.
a) think b) thinks c) is thinking d) am thinking
10. Look! This dress ____ so much!
a) cost b) costes c) costs d) is costing

2 Put the verbs in brackets into *Present Simple* or *Present Continuous*.

1. He is fond of tennis. He _____ (**play**) it so well.
2. Listen to me! What _____ (**you, think**) about?
3. The cake _____ (**smell**) so good! I want to eat it now!
4. My friends _____ (**stay**) at my place now.
5. Ivan _____ (**live**) in Moscow. He is proud of that.
6. _____ (**you, understand**) what I am talking about?
7. Look! The box _____ (**contain**) a lot of interesting things.
8. We _____ (**have**) lunch at the moment.
9. The dog _____ (**smell**) its food. I think it won't eat it.
10. Pete _____ (**write**) a new book.

3 Ask questions to the words in bold.

1. John usually wakes up at **7 o'clock**.

2. Mary is cooking **dinner** now.

3. He goes to college **because he wants to be an educated person.**
4. **They** are happy to be here!
5. Pete is spending his holiday **in London.**
6. My friends are coming **tomorrow.**
7. Frank is doing **his homework.**
8. **Ann's** boss is a very kind person.
9. **Helen and Rose** are playing table tennis now.
10. She is here **to talk to you.**

4 Express these sentences in English.

1. Посмотри! Обезьяна ест банан!
2. Мой друг звонит своим родителям каждый день.
3. Анна вечно теряет свои ключи!
4. Этот цветок пахнет очень сладко.
5. Я еду в Берлин через неделю.

5 Complete the table.

<i>Present Simple</i>	<i>Past Simple</i>	<i>Past Participle</i>	<i>-ing</i>	<i>Translation</i>
become				
	ate			
		written		
			teaching	
				лгать
rise				
	set			
		forgotten		
			feeling	
				понимать

6 Put the verbs in brackets into Present Perfect or Present Perfect Continuous.

1. My friend _____ (**buy**) a very interesting book.
2. Where have you been? I _____ (**not, see**) you for ages!
3. He _____ (**work**) for three hours already.
4. Your eyes are red. _____ (**you, cry**)?
5. I _____ (**forget**) my glasses. I cannot read.
6. Ann has been working for six hours but she _____ (**not, finish**) yet.
7. _____ (**you, see**) him today?
8. They are so happy! They _____ (**never, do**) anything like that before.
9. I _____ (**do**) my homework for 2 hours!
10. Where do they live? – I know that they _____ (**move**) to Italy.

7 Choose the right answer.

1. What do you think of him? – He is a nice guy. I _____ him.
a) always like
b) am always liking
c) have always liked
d) have always been liking
2. I am tired of him! He _____!
a) always grumbles
b) is always grumbling
c) has always grumbled
d) has always been grumbling
3. Ann _____ a teacher. She loves her job.
a) is b) is being c) has been d) has been being
4. He _____ a new player. Now he can listen to music in the gym!
a) buys b) is buying c) has bought d) has been buying
5. You _____ for 20 minutes! Get out of the water!
a) swim b) are swimming c) have swum d) have been swimming
6. Look! The kitten _____ with the ball!
a) plays b) is playing c) has played d) has been playing
7. I _____ vegetables. They are good for my health.
a) always eat
b) am always eating
c) have always eaten
d) have always been eating
8. David _____ basketball every Sunday.
a) plays b) is playing c) has played d) has been playing
9. As far as I know they _____ for St. Petersburg tomorrow.
a) leave b) are leaving c) have left d) have been leaving
10. They are so tired. They _____ for an hour.
a) run b) are running c) have run d) have been running

8 Put the verbs in brackets into Past Simple.

1. Andrew _____ (**come**) home at 9 o'clock yesterday.
2. I _____ (**know**) how to read when I was 5.
3. He _____ (**wake**) up and saw the sun shining.
4. The man _____ (**throw**) the ball professionally.
5. Ann _____ (**swear**) that it wasn't her fault.
6. She doesn't know where he _____ (**lose**) her phone.
7. My favourite team _____ (**win**) the championship last year.
8. The girl entered the room and _____ (**sit**) down at the table.
9. She _____ (**lie**) to you! She always tells lies.
10. Andy _____ (**catch**) a cold two days ago.

9 Choose the right answer.

1. He **entered/was entering** the room and sat on the chair.
2. My brother **watched/was watching** TV when I called him.
3. While his mother **cooked/was cooking** dinner, he was doing his homework.
4. I **came/was coming** home and immediately called my parents.
5. When I asked him about it, he **knew/was knowing** the answer.
6. Boris **played/was playing** hockey yesterday at 2 o'clock.
7. Yuri Dolgoruki **founded/was founding** Moscow in 1147.
8. We **had/were having** tea when we heard a strange noise.
9. Jack **slept/was sleeping** while his friends were having a walk.
10. When I called Helen, **she needed/was needing** help.

10 Put the verbs in brackets into Past Simple or Past Continuous to complete the story.

Once upon a time there _____ (**live**) an old man. He _____ (**be**) very kind but poor. One day when he _____ (**fish**), he _____ (**catch**) a magic fish. The fish _____ (**ask**) the old man to let her go. In return she would make his wish come true. While the old man _____ (**think**) everything over, the magic fish _____ (**say**) that he _____ (**can**) choose whatever he _____ (**want**). So the old man _____ (**make**) a wish.

11 Express these sentences in English.

1. Когда он пришёл домой, все спали.

2. Мэри увидела мышь и закричала.

3. Вчера в 2 часа дня мы смотрели интересный фильм.

4. Попов изобрёл радио.

5. Я много читал, когда мне было 10 лет.

12 Put the verbs in brackets into *Present Perfect* or *Past Simple*.

1. _____ (you, be) to the Tate Gallery?
2. My friend _____ (call) me just now.
3. Leonardo da Vinci _____ (invent) a lot of things.
4. Kate _____ (be) kind to me till now.
5. I haven't seen him since we _____ (finish) school.
6. When _____ (you, go) to the cinema last?
7. She is so happy! She _____ (just, get) married.
8. He cannot find his phone. I think he _____ (lose) it.
9. Ann _____ (buy) a car last year.
10. Where _____ (they, meet) first?

13 Put the verbs in brackets into the required past tense.

1. When evening fell, the rain _____ (already, stop).
2. He was very tired because he _____ (translate) an article for two hours.
3. When I entered the room, Brian _____ (stand) at the window.
4. They _____ (walk) three miles when Kate decided to come back.
5. When I left home, it _____ (still, snow).
6. She took the phone and _____ (call) her friend.
7. My father _____ (come) from work by 7 o'clock.
8. I _____ (buy) this dress when I was in Italy.
9. Kevin _____ (do) his homework for an hour when his mother called him.
10. Before we went to the cinema, we _____ (read) an article about the film.

14 Fill in the gaps with *many*, *much*, *a lot of*.

1. There are too _____ strangers here.
2. Do you have _____ trouble with your English?
3. There were _____ Russian athletes taking part in the Olympics.
4. I must say, you have got _____ very interesting books.
5. I suspect old Mr. Brown doesn't have _____ money.
6. There is _____ homework to do.
7. How _____ milk do we have? Shall I buy some?

15 Fill in the gaps with *(a) few*, *(a) little*.

1. There are too _____ strangers here.
2. Do you have _____ trouble with your English?
3. There were _____ Russian athletes taking part in the Olympics.
4. I must say, you have got _____ very interesting books.

5. I suspect old Mr. Brown doesn't have _____ money.
6. There is _____ homework to do.
7. How _____ milk do we have? Shall I buy some?

16 Use *much*, *many*, *(a) little*, *(a) few*.

The Soup I Like

- Here's how I make the soup I like best. You start with butter.
- How **1)** _____?
- Just **2)** _____.
- And what do you do then?
- I slice **3)** _____ onions and then cook them in butter.
- How **4)** _____ of them?
- As **5)** _____ as you like. Then remember to add **6)** _____ water.
- How **7)** _____?
- Not very **8)** _____. **9)** _____ small glasses.
- And after that?
- You then add **10)** _____ potatoes, **11)** _____ carrots, **12)** _____ cabbage, and **13)** _____ tomato paste.
- How **14)** _____ time does it usually take you?
- Only **15)** _____ hours.
- Thanks for the recipe.
- You are welcome.

17 Complete the sentences with *no*, *none*, *any*.

1. It was Sunday. There were _____ shops open.
2. She doesn't have _____ money. Could you lend her some?
3. I can't make an omelette, because I have _____ milk.
4. They took a lot of photos but unfortunately _____ of them were good.
5. I'll do my best to answer _____ questions you ask me.
6. What a stupid thing it is! _____ intelligent person would say that!
7. How much money do you have? - _____!

18 Complete the sentences with *both*, *neither*, *either*, *none*, *all*, *any* + *of*.

1. I tried two bookshops for the dictionary, but _____ had one.
2. I asked a few people the way to the station, but _____ knew.
3. She was invited to two parties yesterday, but she didn't go to _____.
4. There were three windows in the room and I opened _____ them.
5. Jim and I often play tennis together, but _____ can play it well.
6. I read two books last week and I liked _____. They are interesting.
7. We've got a good choice of mobiles. Take _____ them.

19 Choose the correct variant.

1. He has spent **all the money/the whole money** we had given him.
2. It was terrible. **The whole building/Whole building** was destroyed.
3. When we were on holiday, **all our luggage/our whole luggage** disappeared.
4. There were three books on the table. **Each/Every** was a different colour.
5. The Olympics take place **every/each** four years.
6. **The both pictures/Both pictures** you've taken are fine.
7. I enjoyed **every/each** minute of the show. It was great!

20 Choose the most appropriate pronoun.

1. He is very lazy. He hardly ever does ____ work.
a) some b) no c) any d) anything
2. When we were on holiday, we spent ____ money.
a) much b) a lot of c) many d) a lot
3. I asked two people the way to the station, but ____ of them knew.
a) none b) neither c) both d) either
4. How many exercises are left for us to do? ____.
a) No b) No one c) None d) Not one
5. It was a great party. ____ enjoyed it.
a) Everyone b) All c) Every of us d) All us
6. I don't like the weather. It rains ____.
a) every time b) all the time c) the whole time d) all time
7. I took a lot of books with me on holiday, but I didn't read ____ of them.
a) neither b) either c) any d) all
8. This is a very boring place. There is ____ to do here.
a) a little b) little c) much d) few
9. What's in there? – _____. It's empty.
a) Nothing b) None c) No d) Anything
10. Read ____ words carefully.
a) each b) every c) each of the d) every of the

Module 2

1 Open the brackets. Use *Present Simple*, *Present Continuous* or *Future Simple*.

1. Jane 1) _____ (**make**) coffee for all of us as soon as she 2) _____ (**finish**) her homework.
2. It 3) _____ (**be**) ten in the evening now. I 4) _____ (**not, know**) when he 5) _____ (**return**) and whether he 6) _____ (**come**) at all tonight.
3. They 7) _____ (**leave**) for London in two days' time. The plane 8) _____ (**start**) at two p.m. sharp.
4. Tomorrow, if you 9) _____ (**feel**) bad again, I 10) _____ (**not, allow**) you to go to school.
5. We 11) _____ (**go**) on an excursion if we 12) _____ (**pass**) all our examinations successfully.
6. Everyone 13) _____ (**know**) that when it 14) _____ (**not be**) hot, snow 15) _____ (**begin**) to melt easily.
7. I 16) _____ (**promise**) I 17) _____ (**write**) to you every day when I 18) _____ (**be**) in the United Kingdom.

2 Open the brackets. Use each form (*Present Simple* or *Continuous*, *Future Simple*, the *be going to* form) only once in each dialogue.

1.

A: I've made up my mind to try and learn the Italian language. And I 1) _____ (**do**) a course. It 2) _____ (**start**) next week.

B: That's really great. I believe you 3) _____ (**enjoy**) it. Languages 4) _____ (**become**) more and more important nowadays.

2.

A: We 5) _____ (**go**) to Italy soon!

B: Have a good time!

A: Thanks. I 6) _____ (**send**) you a postcard when I 7) _____ (**be**) in Rome.

B: I think it 8) _____ (**be**) great.

3.

A: Where are you going to stay in Moscow?

B: We've already booked a room. We 9) _____ (**stay**) at the Golden Ring Hotel not far from the city centre.

A: What are you going to do in the Russian capital?

B: We 10) _____ (**do**) most of the sights of the city, if we 11) _____ (**have**) time! But I don't think we 12) _____ (**manage**) that.

3 Open the brackets. Use *Future Continuous*, *Future Perfect* or *Future Perfect Continuous*.

1. Don't phone me at around seven. I 1) _____ (**have**) dinner.
2. Come after five. I 2) _____ (**do**) my homework by then.
3. This time tomorrow we 3) _____ (**lie**) on the beach.
4. Next September he 4) _____ (**work**) here for ten years already.
5. Contact me at any time. I 5) _____ (**stay**) at the Royal Hotel.
6. I can't see her tomorrow. She 6) _____ (**leave**).
7. By the time you come, everyone 7) _____ (**go**)!
8. In a week we 8) _____ (**celebrate**) Helen's birthday.
9. You are so slow! When you are through, I 9) _____ (**wait**) for hours!
10. We 10) _____ (**work**) on a new project tomorrow afternoon!

4 Match the sentences with the definitions of future actions.

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1. He will have finished the book by the end of the week. | a) намерение |
| 2. At seven tonight my family will be watching TV. | b) расписание |
| 3. We've run out of bread. I will go now and buy some. | c) запланированное действие в ближайшем будущем |
| 4. By May we will have been living here for a year already. | d) сиюминутное решение |
| 5. Tomorrow the first train for London leaves at 7.15 a.m. as usual. | e) действие, которое совершается в определённый момент |
| 6. We are going to spend our summer holidays on the Black Sea coast. | f) действие, которое совершится до определённого момента в будущем |
| 7. I've invited Jim to the party. He is coming tonight. | g) действие, которое будет совершаться какое-то время до определённого момента в будущем |

5 Match the sentences choosing the most appropriate completion (there is one extra completion in each section).

Section	Sentence beginning	Sentence completion
I	1. If the weather is fine tomorrow, 2. Tomorrow morning 3. At this time tomorrow	a) we are going to the country. b) we shall be going to the country. c) we shall go to the country. d) we go to the country.
II	1. By Sunday 2. At six in the evening 3. Soon	a) he will be reading a book. b) he is going to read a book. c) he will read a book. d) he will have been reading the book for a week.

Section	Sentence beginning	Sentence completion
III	1. Tomorrow, as usual, the train 2. This Monday I 3. I won't see him, as he	a) leaves at five. b) will have left. c) am leaving at five. d) will leave.

6 Complete the table.

Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
fat		
	more interesting	
		the wisest
important		
	less	
		the best
fast		
	earlier	
		the most dangerous
bad		

7 Fill in the gaps with the adjectives and adverbs in the comparative or superlative form. Mind the article.

- London is _____ (**big**) than Manchester.
- This is Kevin. He is my _____ (**old**) brother.
- He runs so slowly! And she does it even _____ (**slowly**).
- Jack is _____ (**tall**) boy in class.
- I hate writing messages! I prefer calling people. It is _____ (**easy**).
- It was _____ (**difficult**) day of my life.
- This is a very bad mistake, but this one is _____ (**bad**).
- Ann is _____ (**good**) tennis player I've ever seen.
- Alex plays chess very well, but I play _____ (**well**).
- The cheetah is _____ (**fast**) animal in the world.

8 Choose the right answer.

1. Frank is always _____ as a bee.
a) so busy
b) as busy
c) such busy
d) much busy
2. The tiger is _____ than the zebra.
a) much faster
b) more faster
c) so fast
d) so faster
3. Mary cooks _____ Kate.
a) as not well as
b) not such well as
c) not so well as
d) not as well as
4. Bret is _____ man.
a) very clever
b) so clever
c) such clever
d) a very clever
5. You can do it yourself! It is _____ a pie.
a) as easy as
b) so easy as
c) such easy as
d) much easy as

9 Use the particle to where necessary.

1. My aim has always been _____ study English.
2. Why _____ do it right away?
3. Don't make your child _____ eat too much.
4. We are glad _____ see you here.
5. Sorry, but I really have _____ go now!
6. Never let a stranger _____ come in.
7. He was made _____ play the violin.
8. I've never heard you _____ sing this song.
9. The teacher didn't allow her _____ come into the room.
10. You ought _____ have known it a long time ago!
11. I want you _____ translate the text as soon as possible.
12. I saw a car _____ stop by the hotel entrance.
13. He is known _____ be a good actor.
14. I expect you _____ finish work in an hour.
15. You'd better _____ keep silent.

10 Transform the sentences changing the voice of the verb-predicate.

1. They saw a car stop near the hotel.

2. They heard a bird in the tree start singing.

3. They made me do my room.

4. He was heard to call my name.

5. She was made to do her homework.

6. I was seen to enter the room.

7. Did they hear you tell a lie?

8. Were you seen to take this thing?

9. Did they make her go shopping?

10. Was he made to rewrite the test?

11 Use either an infinitive or a gerund in each pair of sentences.**A**

1. Don't forget _____ (**phone**) me when you are away on holiday.
2. They will never forget _____ (**go**) to England a year ago.

B

1. Always remember _____ (**switch**) off the light when you go out.
2. I will always remember _____ (**act**) on the stage for the first time.

C

1. We didn't mean _____ (**interfere**) at all!
2. It would mean _____ (**wait**) for a long time. Is that OK?

D

1. Now I regret _____ (**buy**) the house which is so far from the centre.
2. I regret _____ (**say**) that you have failed the examination.

E

1. The boy tried _____ (**reach**) the ceiling, but he was too short.
2. Try _____ (**knock**) again if nobody answers.

F

1. The fat man stopped _____ (**take**) his breath, he had been running.
2. Last year he stopped _____ (**smoke**) and hasn't smoked ever since.

G

1. I prefer _____ (jog) to _____ (swim).
2. I'd prefer _____ (eat) out tonight.

12 Change the verbs in brackets and use them in correct forms (infinitives or gerunds).

1. How about _____ (make) an apple pie?
2. _____ (Eat) fruit is healthy for you.
3. I'd like _____ (have) a tuna salad, please.
4. I can't stand _____ (eat) onions.
5. Jane decided _____ (order) lamb chops.
6. I really enjoy _____ (eat) strawberries.
7. Mum bought some meat _____ (cook) steak for dinner.
8. I look forward to _____ (try) these lemon cakes.
9. Jim suggested _____ (order) pizza for everybody.
10. Kate'd prefer _____ (have) chicken with rice.
11. Do you deny _____ (steal) the car? Yes or no?
12. I refuse _____ (accept) that there's no way out.
13. The kids were pretending _____ (be) asleep.
14. Do you mind _____ (move) your car, please?
15. I'm really looking forward to _____ (go) on the cruise.
16. What would you like _____ (do) tonight?
17. How did you manage _____ (persuade) them to come?
18. We've run out of petrol and have to stop _____ (buy) some.
19. I've just finished _____ (read) the book.
20. This medicine didn't help. Try _____ (take) an aspirin.

13 Choose the right word.

1. He is **so/such** a good boy!
2. Jack sings **so/such** well!
3. Look! The child is laughing **so/such** happily!
4. The day is **so/such** sunny today!
5. My mother is **so/such** a wonderful cook!
6. He is always driving **so/such** fast!
7. His brother is **so/such** intelligent!
8. Linda is **so/such** a good dancer!
9. Kevin plays golf **so/such** professionally!
10. A dog is **so/such** a good friend!

14 Fill in a/an where necessary.

1. What _____ wonderful idea!
2. It is such _____ tasty tea!
3. They are such _____ nice people!

4. What _____ hectic life!
5. Stanislav and Valeria are such _____ wonderful couple!
6. What _____ difficult task!
7. Isn't that _____ good news?!
8. This actress has such _____ beautiful eyes!
9. What _____ shame! The vase is broken!
10. What _____ good weather!

15 Make the sentences exclamatory.

1. The news is sad.
What _____!
2. The coffee is sweet.
It _____!
3. They are good friends.
Aren't _____?!
4. The film is thrilling.
What _____!
5. The day is gloomy.
It _____!

Module 3

1 Choose the right answer.

1. My car has broken down. That's why I _____ to go to work by train.
a) must b) have to c) should d) ought to
2. Nick is a good guy, but I think he _____ call his parents more often.
a) has to b) have to c) ought to d) must
3. When you go to England, you _____ drive on the left side! Don't forget it!
a) have to b) ought to c) should d) must
4. You have insulted Ann! Now you _____ apologize!
a) must to b) must c) have to d) should
5. Boris _____ wake up early in the morning. He hates it!
a) has to b) have to c) must d) should

2 Choose the right answer.

1. The weather in Alaska _____ be very dangerous!
a) might b) could c) may d) can
2. Call them right now, they _____ be busy tomorrow.
a) can b) might c) would d) can't
3. There is someone knocking at the door. – Open the door! It _____ be Tom, I am absolutely sure!
a) will b) should c) can d) might
4. They _____ with us there, but they had to stay at home.
a) would go b) would have gone c) might go d) should have gone
5. What country are you going to visit this summer? – I _____ go to Greece. I am almost sure about that.
a) ought to b) can c) will d) would

3 Put the sentences into two categories according to their modality.

1. A dolphin can swim very fast.
2. Don't swim in the sea at night, it could be dangerous.
3. You can try this dish only in Thailand.
4. He could read when he was four.
5. They could have helped me, but they preferred to stay away.
6. Unfortunately I couldn't help her with the task.
7. She has lost her glasses. She can't read.
8. You can say whatever you want, I won't change my mind.
9. Jack was able to climb Everest last week.
10. She could have become a model.

Способность (Ability)

Возможность (Possibility)

4 Choose the right answer.

- You ____ walk the dog. I'll do it myself.
a) mustn't b) can't c) needn't d) needn't to
- ____ I ask you a question? – Yes, of course!
a) May b) Must c) Have d) Need
- You ____ enter this area! It's prohibited!
a) needn't b) don't have to c) don't need to d) mustn't
- I am not sure if it is allowed to take these books. – Yes, you ____.
a) can b) must c) need to d) have to
- Frank ____ wash the car because it is going to rain.
a) can't b) doesn't have to c) mustn't d) don't have to

5 Give advice in the following using *should* according to the model.

I am very tired. – You should have a rest.

- It is going to rain.

- I have a terrible headache.

- She hasn't called her parents for a week.

- He has caught a bad cold.

- We have run out of milk.

6 Choose the right answer.

- The phone is ringing. I wonder who it can be. – It ____ be Nick. He promised to call at this time. He always keeps his promises.
a) can b) will c) should d) ought to
- Nancy ____ run very fast when she was a member of a college team.
a) could b) might c) will d) had to
- Must I translate the text today? – No you _____. You may do it tomorrow.
a) needn't b) can't c) mustn't d) shouldn't
- My name is Steven, how ____ I help you?
a) should b) must c) can d) will
- Let's organize a fancy-dress ball! It ____ be really funny!
a) has to b) could c) would d) can

6. If you want to visit Prague, you _____ go there in spring.
a) must b) have to c) could d) should
7. Bill likes to sleep, but he _____ walk the dog every morning.
a) has to b) must c) should d) ought to
8. You _____ smoke here! It is prohibited!
a) shouldn't b) needn't c) don't have to d) mustn't
9. Fish _____ breathe under water.
a) may b) might c) can d) should
10. You _____ book the tickets. I'll do it myself.
a) mustn't b) don't have to c) can't d) wouldn't

7 Define the type of the conditionals (0–3).

a) What would you do if you won a million pounds?	
b) They will have to go back home if they don't get any money.	
c) If I had known you were ill, I'd have come to visit you.	
d) What would have happened if they had failed the exam?	
e) If you heat water to 100 degrees, it begins to boil.	
f) If it stopped snowing, we would go out.	
g) If the weather remains as fine as now, we will go fishing.	

8 Supply the correct forms of the verbs (conditionals) in brackets.

1. If she (**not to work**) so hard, she would never make any progress.

2. If anything happens, they (**to be**) blamed.

3. You will never succeed, if you (**not to have**) any confidence in yourself.

4. I (**to finish**) work in no time, if you didn't disturb me.

5. He (**to die**), if the surgeon hadn't operated on him.

6. If you had strained your ears, you (**to hear**) a slight noise in the bushes.

7. If I (**to be**) you, I wouldn't do that.

9 Change the sentences using the *I wish* pattern (present or past).

1. It's a pity I didn't come to the party.

2. It's a pity I don't know her phone number.

3. It's a pity I live in the country.

4. It's a pity I made such a bad mistake.

5. It's a pity I can't speak Italian.

6. It's a pity she doesn't love me.

7. It's a pity he is in the army now.

8. It's a pity I am too young now.

9. It's a pity they didn't warn us then.

10. It's a pity I stayed in Moscow last summer.

11. It's a pity I don't remember her name.

12. It's a pity you didn't come to see us.

13. It's a pity it's raining heavily now.

14. It's a pity I can't help you.

15. It's a pity you didn't understand me.

10 Correct the sentences that are wrong.

1. I wish Mike would be at home now.

2. I wish you would follow my advice.

3. I wish I would have a lot of money.

4. I wish it would stop raining.

5. I wish the weather wouldn't change.

6. I wish somebody would answer the phone.

7. I wish you would do at least something!

11 Complete each second sentence using the word in brackets so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence. Write between two and five words.

1. I am not rich and I can't afford to go abroad twice a year. (**richer**)
If _____ afford to go abroad twice a year.
2. I can't swim, so I'm not going scuba diving with Jim. (**go**)
If I could _____ scuba diving with Jim.
3. The patient is alive! The surgeon has operated on him. (**died**)
The patient _____ if the surgeon hadn't operated on him!
4. The summer was rainy and we had to stay indoors. (**if**)
_____ been rainy, we wouldn't have had to stay indoors.
5. If only I listened to Brian then! (**listened**)
I wish _____ to Brian then!
6. It's a pity I don't know her address! (**wish**)
I _____ her address!
7. How I wish it were spring now! (**only**)
If _____ now!

12 Join the sentences using *who* or *which*. If it's possible, leave the pronoun out.

- | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1. I do like people | a) speak their minds. |
| 2. There is somebody here | b) I don't know. |
| 3. There aren't many books | c) I am really fond of. |
| 4. The clothes | d) she wears look strange. |
| 5. I need a watch | e) having a built-in alarm. |
| 6. You should only learn the words | f) are worth learning. |
| 7. The books | g) he writes are so boring. |

13 Join the sentences using *who* or *which*. If it's possible, leave the pronoun out.

1. I don't know the name of the man to _____ I spoke a minute ago.
2. Do you know the date _____ we have to finish the report?
3. What's the name of the woman _____ book you've taken?
4. A supermarket is a place _____ you can buy things.
5. An orphan is a girl or a boy _____ parents have died.
6. I met somebody _____ owns a restaurant.
7. I've just been to the town _____ I was born.

14 Choose the most appropriate answer.

1. My mother _____ is on a business trip in Europe now.
a) who is a businesswoman
b) , who is a businesswoman,
c) , that is a businesswoman,
d) a businesswoman

2. The building _____ will have to be demolished.
 - a) , which was damaged in the fire,
 - b) , that was damaged in the fire,
 - c) damaged in the fire
 - d) , damaged in the fire,
3. The people _____ are all very easy-going.
 - a) with who I work
 - b) , who I work with,
 - c) I work with
 - d) , with whom I work,
4. This was the city _____.
 - a) , where we first met,
 - b) in which we first met
 - c) where we first met in
 - d) in that we first met
5. They have come a little late _____.
 - a) which is disappointing
 - b) that is disappointing
 - c) , which is disappointing,
 - d) and which is disappointing

**15 Change the sentences so as to use relative clauses.
Part of the sentence is done for you.**

1. A boy was injured in the accident. He is in hospital now.
The boy _____ hospital now.
2. Some people were arrested. Now they have been released.
The people _____ released.
3. I talked to some people. They were very friendly.
The people I _____ friendly.
4. Jane works for a company. It makes dish-washers.
Jane _____ dish-washers.
5. John is my best friend. And he lives next door.
John _____ next door.
6. My dad is in Canada now. He is a geologist.
My dad _____ Canada now.
7. I have sent her two letters. She has received neither of them.
I have sent _____ has received.
8. London is the capital of Britain. It's a very beautiful city.
London _____ beautiful city.
9. I borrowed a car from a man. I don't know his name.
I don't know the name _____ I borrowed.
10. I went back to the town where I was born.
I went _____ born in.

1 Put questions to the words in bold.

1. The house was built **in the 19th century**.

2. **The child** will be named after his grandfather.

3. The article is being translated **very fast**.

4. The furniture in the bedroom is made of **oak**.

5. The doctor wasn't sent for **an hour ago**.

2 Open the brackets using the correct form of the *Passive Voice*.

1. The cake _____ (**eat**) very fast last birthday.
2. Next year a new professor _____ (**invite**) to our university.
3. The competition _____ (**just, cancel**) because of bad weather.
4. The computer _____ (**repair**) now.
5. Last weekend we _____ (**offer**) a good interpreter.

3 Change the following sentences into *Passive*.

1. The authors give the rule on the first page.

2. My parents have bought a new lock.

3. Alexander Bell invented the telephone.

4. My mother had cooked a tasty lunch before I came home.

5. The hurricane destroyed the town last year.

6. They will translate this article tomorrow.

7. The branches of the tree hid her face.

8. They are constructing some new metro lines.

9. We don't speak Russian in English classes.

10. Nobody has given them any money yet.

11. Students often refer to these dictionaries.

12. My granny made me do the bed.

13. They say he is a nice chap.

14. The teacher has just explained a new rule to us.

15. Everybody lost sight of the boat in the fog.

4 Write down sentences using the table according to the model.

Harry Potter	invent	Michael Jackson
The radio	create	Mercedes
Moscow	produce	Bill Gates
Microsoft	shoot	J. K. Rowling
The film	dance	Popov
The Mona Lisa	write	Steven Spielberg
The car	found	Juri Dolgorukiy
Moonwalk dance	paint	Leonardo da Vinci

Harry Potter was written by J. K. Rowling

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

5 Change the following sentences into *Passive* (form two different passive sentences) according to the model.

Sara sent me a letter. – A letter was sent to me by Sara.
I was sent a letter by Sara.

1. My friend brought me a souvenir from Paris.

2. My little son hasn't told me the truth.

3. The owner showed the house to the customer.

4. They have promised a wonderful present to Sally.

5. Fred will not sell the car to Charles.

6 Change the following sentences into *Passive*.

1. People consider that she is very polite.

It _____

2. They believe that Mike will win the race.

Mike _____

3. Stacy must finish the composition today.

The composition _____

4. Everybody knows that Serge is a noble man.

Serge _____

5. His parents made him marry this girl.

He _____

7 Make sentences from the words in brackets using the *Passive Voice*.

1. There's someone behind us. (**I suppose/we/follow**)

2. We can't use our computer at the moment. (**It/repair**)

3. Dad's bike has disappeared. (**It/steal!**)

4. The fog is very thick. (**The flights/cancel**)

5. Jack was mugged on his way to work last week. (**you/ever/mug?**)

6. We expect you to pass the exam. (**You/expect/pass the exam**)

7. A huge tree was lying across the road. (**It/must/blow down/in the storm**)

8. The letter has just arrived though (**it/post/a week ago**)

9. What a nice suit! Where (**you/have/it/make**)

10. Where do you come from? (**Where/you/bear?**)

8 Put the verb into the most suitable passive form.

Accident

A young man 1) _____ (take) to hospital after his BMW collided with a Volvo near York last night. He 2) _____ (allow) home the next morning. The road 3) _____ (block) for half an hour after the accident and traffic had to 4) _____ (divert). A police inspector said that the man was lucky, as he could 5) _____ (kill).

9 Put question tags to the following sentences.

A

1. They will come back tomorrow, _____?
2. Jane has never been to Berlin, _____?
3. I don't like chocolate, _____?
4. It was very cold yesterday, _____?
5. We need good boots to go hiking, _____?
6. My sister has got a very cute kitten, _____?
7. Rome is the capital of Italy, _____?
8. She doesn't live in the country, _____?
9. It is a very interesting book, _____?
10. John is a very talented singer, _____?
11. He isn't the best student of the group, _____?
12. This actor has become very popular, _____?
13. The test will be very difficult, _____?
14. Kate has got red hair and blue eyes, _____?
15. I am an early bird, _____?
16. I didn't come here last week, _____?
17. Steven bought flowers for Ann, _____?
18. We are going to the theatre tonight, _____?
19. The camera is out of order, _____?
20. He has spent all his money, _____?
21. She is always grumbling, _____?
22. Information has always been very important, _____?
23. We had never done this before, _____?
24. This TV set was very expensive, _____?
25. France is bigger than Italy, _____?

B

1. Let's go for a walk right now, _____?
2. Come over at seven, please, _____?
3. Read this extract, _____?
4. Open your textbooks, please, _____?
5. Don't say a single word, _____?

6. Let's have a little snack, _____?
7. Don't come here anymore, _____?
8. Relax, _____?
9. Bring me some water, please, _____?
10. Warm up the soup, _____?
11. Wait for me, please, _____?
12. Don't call me at this time, _____?
13. Let's have a party, _____?
14. Close the window, please, _____?
15. Don't go too far from here, _____?

10 Fill in the blanks with the article if necessary. There must be a different article in each sentence of the pair.

1.
 - A. They gave the cottage _____ new coat of paint.
 - B. They gave the cottage _____ final coat of paint.
2.
 - A. It all happened in _____ spring of 1990.
 - B. It all happened in _____ spring.
3.
 - A. _____ verb in the sentence is wrong.
 - B. There should be _____ verb in the sentence.
4.
 - A. Look! _____ dinner has burnt.
 - B. Let's discuss it after _____ dinner.
5.
 - A. When we were in England, we were staying at _____ nice small hotel by the sea.
 - B. I have never stayed at _____ Ritz Hotel.
6.
 - A. There are a lot of fish in _____ pond.
 - B. Near our cottage there is _____ pond.
7.
 - A. _____ novel is a book that has become a bestseller.
 - B. I am reading _____ novel by A. Christie.

11 Insert the right article where necessary.

A

1. _____ friend in need is _____ friend indeed.
2. There is _____ computer class on _____ third floor of _____ building.
3. _____ camera I bought _____ other day is _____ very expensive one.
4. _____ box is made of _____ silver. It is _____ very old box.
5. It's very _____ important news. When did you get _____ news?

6. I'd like ____ sandwich or ____ toast with ____ cup of ____ tea.
7. There was ____ accident in ____ centre of ____ city ____ week ago.
8. ____ butter is made from ____ milk.
9. If ____ figures are correct, you'll have ____ chance to win ____ car in ____ lottery.
10. Are you going to have ____ rest on ____ Mediterranean Sea or in ____ Alps? – On ____ Cyprus.

B

1. Have you bought ____ presents for ____ coming holiday? – Yes, I did it ____ week ago. And I've got ____ surprise for you too.
2. ____ vegetarian is ____ person who doesn't eat ____ meat.
3. What's ____ matter with you? – I've got ____ headache. – You should go for ____ walk in ____ park. And take ____ dog out for ____ run.
4. We had ____ dinner in ____ Italian restaurant in ____ centre of ____ city.
5. ____ Volga is ____ longest river in ____ Europe. It flows from ____ Valdai Hills to ____ Caspian Sea.
6. In ____ England there is ____ old story about ____ man called Robin Hood who was considered to be ____ robber.
7. ____ Hague, a city in ____ Netherlands, is near ____ North Sea.
8. Where are ____ keys to ____ car? – I saw them ____ hour ago on ____ kitchen table.
9. What ____ nasty weather it is! I hate such ____ weather. And yesterday it was such ____ fine day!
10. ____ computer is out of order, besides, I've lost ____ mouse again. – It was on ____ mat, wasn't it?

C

1. ____ young man went to ____ birthday party with ____ bunch of flowers.
2. Lizzie likes ____ television, ____ channel Two is her favourite.
3. It was such ____ funny film that we laughed all ____ time.
4. It's ____ wonderful news. We mustn't tell it to ____ chief.
5. I'm going to buy ____ hamburger and ____ bottle of juice.
6. Have you ever had ____ swim in ____ ocean? It's ____ fantastic feeling.
7. ____ scissors are very sharp, so don't let ____ kids use them.
8. ____ disco she went to was too noisy and crowded.
9. She says that ____ men are to blame for all ____ wars in ____ world.
10. They had ____ rest, packed ____ bags and started for ____ station.
11. Do you mind if we talk for ____ minute or two?
12. Let me give you ____ advice so that you can decide ____ problem.
13. He told me ____ long story about ____ incident.
14. ____ earth circles around ____ sun.
15. She was ____ beautiful woman, and ____ very clever one.
16. I'd like to have ____ long talk with you after ____ lecture is over.

17. Find ____ test two on ____ third page.
18. Tell me about ____ book you are writing.
19. ____ perfectly dressed man came into ____ bank carrying ____ case.
20. ____ information is that we are going to have ____ rainy weather in the summer.

D

Everything Except the Weather

1) ____ friend of mine, Harry, had lived on 2) ____ Mediterranean for many years before he returned to 3) ____ British Isles. He often had 4) ____ dream of returning to 5) ____ Britain and had planned to settle down in 6) ____ country. He arrived in 7) ____ England 8) ____ year later and bought 9) ____ fine house with 10) ____ small garden. 11) ____ few months passed and Harry began to complain about 12) ____ weather. Even though it was 13) ____ summer, they always had 14) ____ rainy weather and it was bitterly cold. After 15) ____ sunshine all 16) ____ year round, my friend got 17) ____ shock. "What 18) ____ climate! What 19) ____ changeable weather!" he thought. 20) ____ year passed and it was more than he could bear. He sold 21) ____ house and left 22) ____ country. 23) ____ dream, he had had for such 24) ____ long time, ended there. Harry had thought of everything except 25) ____ weather. There is still 26) ____ little we can do about 27) ____ weather.

E

1) ____ Best and 2) ____ Worst

3) ____ beautiful garden is what 4) ____ English like about 5) ____ house most of all. There is 6) ____ competition for 7) ____ nicest garden in our town once 8) ____ year. Joe Sand has 9) ____ most beautiful garden in 10) ____ town and he wins 11) ____ competition every time. Bill Leaf has 12) ____ large garden too. There are 13) ____ rare flowers and 14) ____ vegetables in his garden, but still Joe's garden is more interesting. He has made 15) ____ neat paths and has built 16) ____ wooden bridge over 17) ____ pool. I am 18) ____ gardener too, but I don't like 19) ____ hard work. Every year I enter 20) ____ garden competition, but always win 21) ____ little prize for 22) ____ worst garden in 23) ____ town!

12 Use the corresponding reflexive or personal pronoun.

1. I had a great holiday last summer. I really enjoyed ____.
2. What we did was wrong and we were ashamed of ____.
3. When the Smiths came to us, they had their dog with ____.
4. Bill, take the money with ____ in case you need it.
5. That isn't our fault. You can't blame ____.
6. I've got a problem. Could you help ____?
7. Sue, help ____ to coffee. It's on the table.
8. Don't worry about my brother and me. We'll look after ____.
9. The two sisters stood in front of the mirror looking at ____.
10. I don't want you to pay for me. I can pay for ____.

1 Open the brackets.

1. He said that now he _____ (**study**) at school.
2. Andrew told me that he _____ (**already, buy**) a present for Peter.
3. My parents said that they _____ (**be**) very busy at the moment.
4. My brother informed me that he _____ (**go**) for a walk soon.
5. Kate said that she _____ (**wash**) the dishes at that moment.
6. They told me that Frank _____ (**leave**) for Paris the previous day.
7. She complained that now she _____ (**be**) very tired.
8. They announced that the president _____ (**already, arrive**).
9. He didn't notice that he _____ (**lose**) his keys.
10. Ben said that he _____ (**want**) to buy the camera.

2 Express the parts in the brackets in English.

1. He promised (что он помает посуду).

2. They said (что они никогда его не видели).

3. She informed us (что идёт дождь).

4. Linda shouted (что она очень расстроена).

5. He said (что был в Лондоне несколько раз).

3 Change the following sentences into indirect speech.

1. He said: "I am going for a walk."

2. They said to her: "You are so beautiful today."

3. Kevin said: "My parents have gone to the dacha."

4. She said: "I will always be with you."

5. Ann complained: "I have a very difficult job here."

6. Mary said: "I am glad to be here now."

7. He said to me: "We spent a wonderful time."

8. They said: "Everything is very tasty."

4 Change the following sentences into direct speech according to the model.

He said that he lived in the countryside. – He said: "I live in the countryside."

1. My sister said that she had found a good book the previous day.

2. He said that he was a bad runner.

3. They confessed that they didn't like the performance.

4. Kira promised that she would help her mother to do the house.

5. She said that she had never been to Italy.

6. Sam complained that he had a very busy day.

7. Orlando said that he was doing his homework.

8. Miranda said that she would not go to the cinema that day.

5 Change the following sentences into indirect speech.

1. My father asked me: "Where did you lose your keys?"

2. I wondered: "Why did they cancel the performance?"

3. He asked me: "Where will you go for your holidays?"

4. She asked her friend: "Can you help me, please?"

5. Stacy wondered: "When did he come back?"

6. They asked me: "Do you like it here?"

7. He inquired: "Will they be here next week?"

8. Boris asked his father: "Why do you like football?"

6 Change the following sentences into direct speech.

1. My father wondered when I would come home.

2. She asked me if I had ever been to Portugal.

3. He asked when Steve entered the university.

4. Julia inquired why they had done their task so badly.

5. They asked me where my parents were.

6. His parents wanted to know if he could drive.

7. She wondered why it was so cold outside.

8. He asked me whether I wanted to join them.

7 Make indirect questions according to the model.

Where have you been? – I wonder where you have been.

1. Where will the performance take place?
Could you tell me _____?
2. Who has broken the window in the bedroom?
Do you know _____?
3. Did you go to the cinema last weekend?
I doubt _____
4. When did you come from school yesterday?
I want to know _____
5. How long have you been here?
I wonder _____

8 Change the following sentences into indirect speech according to the model. Stay here. – He advised me to stay there.

1. Mind your own business!
They told him _____
2. Don't talk to strangers in the street!
She asked her daughter _____
3. Don't walk on the lawn!
The sign tells everybody _____
4. Visit our new shop in Moscow!
They asked the customers _____
5. Let my daughter do what she wants!
The father told the nurse _____
6. Never shout at me anymore!
She told her friend _____
7. Don't buy these expensive shoes!
The husband begged his wife _____
8. Bring as many mushrooms from the forest as possible!
The child told his father _____

9 Change the following sentences into indirect speech.

1. Jack said: "I can swim very fast."

2. He said to his mother: "I might be late for lunch."

3. Barbara said: "We could be busy in the evening."

4. My father complained: "I must meet my mother-in-law in the airport."

5. His granny said: "You ought to be more polite with people."

6. The woman whispered to her beloved: "I will always love you."

7. The gardener told his assistant: "You needn't water the trees."

8. My friend said: "I would have joined you."

10 Complete each second sentence using the word in brackets so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence. Write between two and five words.

1. "We'll be travelling round Australia next month," said Dick. **(following)**
Dick said that ... be travelling round Australia.

2. "I think you may be coming down with flu," Ray said to me. **(thought)**
Ray said that ... be coming down with flue.

3. "Has Jack always had to wear a suit to work?" I asked Mrs. Green. **(if)**
I asked Mrs. Green ... to wear a suite to work.

4. "I had Helen and Bill over for dinner last night," said Jill. **(before)**
Jill said that ... had Helen and Bill over for dinner.

5. "I'll buy these as they are so cheap!" said Teddy. **(going)**
Teddy said he ... as they were so cheap.

6. "Do you love me, Gloria?" Jack remembered asking her a week ago. **(if)**
Jack remembered asking Gloria a week ago ... him.

7. Dick asked Helen who she had gone out with the weekend before. **(go)**
Dick asked Helen, "Who did ... weekend?"

8. Barry told Sam to come over to him the day after." **(come)**
Barry said, "Sam, ..."

9. Julian wondered whether he could see Jill the next day. **(Jill)**
"Can ...?" asked Julian.

10. Sean said Sue would come to his place that night. **(come)**
Sean said, "Sue will ..."

11 Use *Future Simple* of the verbs in brackets.

- If the weather is bad, we _____ **(to stay)** at home.
- I _____ **(not to go)** out if it begins to snow.
- If they don't take a taxi, they _____ **(to miss)** their train.
- I'm sure you _____ **(to like)** the movie when you see it.
- We _____ **(not to wait)** till Dad returns from work.
- You _____ **(not to find)** anybody there if you don't hurry.
- I'm afraid that when his letter arrives, it _____ **(to be)** too late.
- There _____ **(to be)** too many people in the shop if you go there now.
- We _____ **(to get)** to the station in ten minutes if we leave right now.
- Do you think it _____ **(to be)** a bit warmer when it stops raining?

12 Use *Present Simple* of the verbs in brackets.

- He will miss the plane if he _____ **(not to take)** a taxi.
- I won't go away till granny _____ **(to return)**.
- I will not marry until I _____ **(to be)** thirty-three.
- It'll be dark when we _____ **(to get)** to their place.
- How long is it before the movie _____ **(to begin)**?
- I'm sure you will like the flat when you _____ **(to see)** it.
- She will certainly keep his word if she _____ **(to make)** a promise.
- I will probably be out when he _____ **(to call)**.
- What shall I say when he _____ **(to ask)**?
- Will it be all OK if I _____ **(to tell)** them everything?

13 Use the Present Simple or the Future Simple of the verbs in brackets.

1. They (to be – 1) late for work if they (not to go – 2) out at once.
2. If he (to come – 3) at seven, he (not to see – 4) the film.
3. She (to be – 5) angry if he (not to tell – 6) her the reason.
4. If she (to read – 7) the message, she (to understand – 8) everything.
5. I (to tell – 9) him the truth if she (to ask – 10) me.
6. If he (not to ring – 11) me up tonight, I (to send – 12) him a telegram.
7. She probably (not to read – 13) the book until we (to ask – 14) her.
8. You (not to miss – 15) much if you (not to go – 16) there.
9. I (help – 17) you as soon as I (come – 18).
10. She (not to marry – 19) until she (to be – 20) twenty.

1.	2.	3.	4.
5.	6.	7.	8.
9.	10.	11.	12.
13.	14.	15.	16.
17.	18.	19.	20.

14 Open the brackets. Use the Present Simple or Future Simple.

1. When Bill (return – 1), he (help – 2) us; but I don't know yet when he (come – 3) back.
2. If it (stop – 4) raining, we (go – 5) picnicking. But I'm not sure if it (stop – 6) raining at all today.
3. If the ecological situation (improve – 7), people (feel – 8) a lot better; but we don't know when it (happen – 9).
4. He (not, tell – 10) you anything if you (not, ask – 11); but I don't think if you (be – 12) brave enough to ask.
5. I don't know when my elder sister (come – 13) back home. If she (appear – 14) after eight, she (miss – 15) her favourite TV serial.

1.	2.	3.
4.	5.	6.
7.	8.	9.
10.	11.	12.
13.	14.	15.

15 Use the most appropriate linking word from the box below.

both	except	so as	then	nor
because of	when	in case	so	which

1. I will leave _____ I'm ready to leave.
2. The book is _____ interesting and useful.
3. Neither you _____ me can go out now.
4. They came late _____ the heavy traffic.
5. The shops are open every day _____ Sunday.
6. The rain was _____ strong that we all got soaked very quickly.
7. Take some warm clothes _____ it gets cold.
8. Add some water. _____ stir everything thoroughly.
9. She didn't turn up, _____ was rather sad.
10. Translate the sentence _____ to use infinitives.

1 Use the *have*-causative to complete the sentences.

1. They **(their cottage/repair)** at the moment.

2. He's lost his key. He'll have to **(another one/make)**.

3. This coat doesn't look nice. I must **(it/dry-clean)**.

4. When did you last **(your hair/cut)**?

5. His nose is bleeding. He **(it/break)** in a fight.

6. Where did you **(your ears/pierce)**?

7. How often do you **(your car/service)**?

8. I don't mind **(my photograph/take)**.

9. We have just **(the walls/paint)**. Watch out!

10. Have you ever **(your money/steal)**?

2 Choose the right answer (modals).

1. It _____ be true! I don't believe it!
a) may not b) mustn't c) can't d) mightn't
2. Ted _____ the truth! I am sure!
a) must have told
b) may have told
c) might have told
d) could have told
3. Who has broken the window? – Nobody knows. It _____ the boys. I saw them playing football.
a) mightn't have been
b) couldn't be
c) can have been
d) might have been
4. This book _____ be very interesting! Everybody likes it.
a) could b) might c) must d) may
5. I'm not sure, but you _____ be right.
a) may b) must c) can't d) may not

3 Choose the right answer (clauses of purpose).

1. He took his raincoat _____ the weather became worse.
a) in order to b) in order that c) from d) in case
2. Anna has bought a good camera _____ she can take beautiful pictures.
a) to b) so that c) for d) in order to
3. Margaret goes to the gym _____ lose weight.
a) in order to b) for c) in order that d) so that
4. They woke up earlier _____ they could watch the sunrise.
a) in order that
b) in case
c) so as to
d) in order to
5. My mum has some liquid _____ washing the floor.
a) from b) to c) for d) in order to
6. I am going to the shop _____ buy some milk.
a) for b) to c) so that d) to avoid
7. I closed the window to prevent mosquitoes _____ flying into the room.
a) to avoid b) for c) in order from d) from
8. I will take some sandwiches _____ you are hungry
a) to avoid b) from c) in order to d) in case
9. I have bought a new notebook _____ my English classes.
a) for b) from c) to d) in case
10. She chose a different way _____ meeting him.
a) from b) to avoid c) so as to d) in order that

4 Choose the right answer (clauses of result).

1. It was _____ that we went to the beach.
a) so a warm day
b) such warm day
c) so warm a day
d) such warm a day
2. He is _____ a hardworking student that he has made great progress.
a) such b) that c) so d) as
3. They were very busy. _____, they didn't join us.
a) Therefore
b) That
c) As consequence
d) Such
4. Andrew eats _____ that he has problems with his immune system.
a) so a little fruit
b) such little fruit
c) so little fruits
d) so little fruit

5. It was _____ that we decided to stay at home.
 - a) so rainy an evening
 - b) so a rainy evening
 - c) such rainy an evening
 - d) such rainy evening
6. They are such lovely newly-weds _____ they spend every minute together.
 - a) so
 - b) as a result
 - c) consequently
 - d) that
7. She watches _____ that she is too sentimental.
 - a) such many melodramas
 - b) so many melodramas
 - c) such much melodramas
 - d) so much melodramas
8. The film was _____ that I decided to watch it once again.
 - a) such exciting
 - b) so exciting
 - c) such an exciting
 - d) so excitingly
9. Carl was very busy. _____, he couldn't help us.
 - a) As result
 - b) That
 - c) As a result
 - d) So a result
10. He spends _____ working that he will get a promotion.
 - a) so much time
 - b) so many time
 - c) such much time
 - d) such many time

5 Choose the right answer (clauses of reason).

1. _____ her crying was his rude words.
 - a) Because
 - b) The reason
 - c) The reason for
 - d) Due to
2. I have bought bananas _____ I love them.
 - a) now that
 - b) due to
 - c) the reason why
 - d) because
3. _____ we have met we can go to a restaurant.
 - a) Now that
 - b) Due to
 - c) The reason
 - d) Because of
4. She bought the dress _____ that she liked the colour very much.
 - a) due to the fact
 - b) due to
 - c) because
 - d) the reason why
5. The cuisine is _____ we have decided to go to Italy.
 - a) due to
 - b) because
 - c) the reason for
 - d) the reason why

6 Define what clause it is.

1. He is so happy that he wants to dance and sing!
a) purpose b) result c) reason d) manner
2. It looks as if Nicole doesn't want to talk to Bob any more.
a) purpose b) result c) reason d) manner
3. I will help you with your homework so that you can go to the dacha.
a) purpose b) result c) reason d) manner
4. She behaves as though she is the cleverest person in the world!
a) purpose b) result c) reason d) manner
5. Bill couldn't start the car due to the fact that it had been very cold at night.
a) purpose b) result c) reason d) manner

7 Change the sentences using inversion.

A

1. We have seldom heard such nonsense!
Seldom _____
2. You shouldn't open the door to strangers under any circumstances.
Under no _____
3. I understood that I had made a mistake only when I came home.
Only when _____
4. You will never again watch TV at such a late hour!
Never again _____
5. Artists are rarely appreciated when they are still alive.
Rarely _____
6. We couldn't talk freely until the rest of the guests had left.
Not until _____
7. They knew very little then what they were going to do.
Little _____

B

1. If she insists, ask her to give all the reasons.

2. If there are many problems, we are always ready to help!

3. If I get the job, I'll invite you to a restaurant.

4. If you decide to sell your house, I'll be glad to buy it!

5. If you see a good dictionary of slang, buy one for me.

C

1. If there were no oxygen in the air, there would be no life on our planet.

2. If I were king, I would change the world for the better!

3. If this were not so costly, everyone would be able to cope with it.

4. If you did what your parents advise you, you would never have problems.

5. If I were you, I would go to the dentist's right now.

D

1. If I had known it was so difficult, I would never have tried it.

2. If she hadn't been idle all the time, she would have passed the exam.

3. If he hadn't got an invitation, he wouldn't have gone to the party.

4. If I hadn't paid all my bills before, I would have got into trouble now.

5. If they had got married, they would already have a son and a daughter.

E

1. If you didn't work hard, you would never make any progress.

2. If he fails you again, forget he has ever existed.

3. I would finish work in no time, if I knew what to do.

4. He would have died, if the surgeon hadn't operated on him.

5. If you had strained your ears, you would have heard a noise in the bushes.

6. If I were you, I wouldn't do that.

7. If you see her, tell her I'm waiting.

8 Rewrite the sentences substituting the noun in bold for a pronoun.

1. Here is **the money**.

2. Off went **the children**, quickly.

3. Out rushed **the scared audience**.

4. Down went **the elevator**.

5. There goes **our teacher**.

9 Rewrite the sentences substituting the pronoun for the noun in brackets.

1. Up it went! (**the rocket**)

2. Off it flew through the open window. (**the bird**)

3. On the chair it slept. (**a huge cat**)

4. Down they came! (**the prices**)

5. In she rushed, overexcited! (**the girl**)

10 Translate the responses in column two using tags. Mind inversion where necessary.

Bill is still single.	– Правда?	
I've never been there.	– А я был.	
It isn't hot today, is it?	– Да, не жарко.	
She sounds American.	– Так она и есть из Америки.	
Pete can speak English fluently.	– И я.	
Nick married Sue.	– Правда?	
Jack can speak French quite well.	– А я нет.	
You don't know that, do you?	– Да, не знаю.	
You look happy!	– Действительно счастлив.	
I haven't been to England.	– И я тоже.	

11 Complete each second sentence using the word in brackets so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence. Write between two and five words (inversion).

1. What was the price of the tickets? (**much**)
How ...?

2. What's the distance between London and York? **(it)**
How ... London to York?

3. What's her age? **(is)**
How ... she?

4. Do you have any spare rooms now? **(know)**
I would like to ... any spare rooms now?

5. Does Jack know the truth? **(if)**
I wonder ... the truth.

6. Did Sam pass his exam? **(passed)**
Do you know ... his exam?

7. I wonder if you know where Helen went last night? **(go)**
Where ... last night?

8. We knew very little in our childhood what we would be like. **(know)**
Little ... in our childhood what we would be like.

9. I realized my mistake only when I came home. **(did)**
Only when I came home ... my mistake.

10. You will not be able to extend your visa under any circumstances. **(no)**
Under ... you be able to extend your visa.

11. Should we see her, we'll phone you immediately. **(if)**
..., we'll tell you immediately.

12. If I knew what to do, I would certainly help you. **(to)**
Were ... what to do, I would certainly help you.

13. If you had come earlier, we would have already finished. **(come)**
Had ..., we would have already finished.

14. The rocket was ready. A signal was given and it went up. **(it)**
The rocket was ready. A signal was given and up

15. If you ever go there, let me know! **(should)**
..., let me know!

Revision

1. I wonder who made them _____ that stupid thing?
a) do b) to do c) doing
2. It's a big factory. Thousands of people _____ there.
a) employed b) are employed c) are employed
3. I do hope you remember _____ me a well-paid job?
a) promise b) to promise c) promising
4. The kitchen table looks clean. Someone must _____.
a) clean it b) have cleaned it c) be cleaned
5. He _____ wasn't going to come back soon.
a) said his daughter
b) told his daughter
c) said to his daughter
6. I don't think they're right. It _____ be true!
a) can to b) can't c) mustn't
7. What do you know about the woman _____ wrote this novel?
a) which b) who c) -
8. You _____ buy any juice. We've got a lot.
a) needn't b) mustn't c) can't
9. She _____ and feels really exhausted.
a) has been running
b) had been running
c) was running
10. If you _____ me in advance, I would have finished work a long time ago.
a) have told b) told c) had told
11. My only little sister Ann _____ wants to become an actress.
a) that is five now
b) who is five now
c) , who is five now,
12. He was afraid he _____ miss his train.
a) might b) may c) can
13. You _____ go shopping. The fridge is full.
a) must b) can't c) needn't
14. The fog was _____ that we couldn't see anything.
a) such thick b) so thick c) thick
15. Do you know where the Sun _____?
a) rises b) rise c) raises
16. They've promised bad weather. Take an umbrella _____.
a) when it rains
b) in case it rains
c) if it rains

17. She _____ in New York already.
a) has got used to living
b) has got used to live
c) used to living
18. She had her purse _____ when she was shopping.
a) stolen b) was stolen c) steal
19. What will you do if I _____ too late?
a) come b) shall come c) will come
20. The company is reported _____ a great deal of money by now.
a) to lose b) to be losing c) to have lost
21. She went to the dentist's to _____.
a) pull out her tooth
b) have pulled out her tooth
c) have her tooth pulled out
22. How long _____ French?
a) have you do
b) do you do
c) have you been doing
23. Nick _____ out. He'll come back home in a couple of minutes.
a) has gone b) went c) has been
24. She couldn't hear the phone ring. She must _____.
a) be asleep
b) have been asleep
c) be sleeping
25. How long _____ in Paris when you were in France?
a) have you stayed
b) have you been staying
c) did you stay
26. Peter the Great _____ the city of St. Petersburg.
a) has founded
b) founded
c) found
27. Jack is a boy _____ father is a banker.
a) who b) which c) whose
28. I don't like movies _____ have unhappy endings.
a) – b) they c) that
29. _____ are so boring.
a) Both of stories
b) The both stories
c) Both stories
30. The fog was rather thick, but still we _____ find the way.
a) could b) were able c) managed

MODULE 1

- Ex. 1** 1) c) 2) a) 3) d) 4) a) 5) b) 6) d) 7) b) 8) b) 9) a) 10) c)
- Ex. 2** 1) plays 2) are you thinking 3) smells 4) are staying 5) lives 6) Do you understand 7) contains 8) are having 9) is smelling 10) is writing
- Ex. 3** 1) When does John usually wake up? 2) What is Mary cooking now? 3) Why does he go to college? 4) Who is happy to be here! 5) Where is Pete spending his holiday? 6) When are my friends coming? 7) What is Frank doing? 8) Whose boss is a very kind person? 9) Who is playing table tennis now? 10) Why is she here?
- Ex. 4** 1) Look! The monkey is eating a banana! 2) My friend calls his parents every day. 3) Paul is always losing his keys! 4) This flower smells very sweet. 5) I am going to Berlin in a week.

Ex. 5

<i>Present Simple</i>	<i>Past Simple</i>	<i>Past Participle</i>	<i>-ing</i>	<i>Translation</i>
become	became	become	becoming	становиться
eat	ate	eaten	eating	есть
write	wrote	written	writing	писать
teach	taught	taught	teaching	учить
lie	lied	lied	lying	лгать
rise	rose	risen	rising	подниматься
set	set	set	setting	ставить/ устанавливать
forget	forgot	forgotten	forgetting	забывать
feel	felt	felt	feeling	чувствовать
understand	understood	understood	understanding	понимать

- Ex. 6** 1) has bought 2) I haven't seen 3) has been working 4) Have you been crying? 5) have forgotten 6) has been working 7) Have you seen 8) have never done 9) I have been doing 10) have moved
- Ex. 7** 1c) 2) b) 3) a) 4) c) 5) d) 6) b) 7) a) 8) a) 9) b) 10) d)
- Ex. 8** 1) came 2) I knew 3) woke up 4) threw 5) swore 6) lost 7) won 8) sat 9) lied 10) caught
- Ex. 9** 1) entered 2) was watching 3) was cooking 4) came 5) knew 6) was playing 7) founded 8) were having 9) was sleeping 10) needed
- Ex. 10** Once upon a time there lived an old man. He was very kind but poor. One day when he was fishing, he caught a magic fish. The fish asked the old man to let her go. In return she would make his wish come true. While the old man was thinking everything over, the magic fish said that he could choose whatever he wanted. So the old man made a wish.
- Ex. 11** 1) When he came home, everybody was sleeping.
2) Mary saw a mouse and shouted.
3) Yesterday at 2 o'clock we were watching an interesting film.
4) Popov invented the radio.
5) I read a lot when I was 10.
- Ex. 12** 1) Have you been to the Tate Gallery?
2) My friend called me just now.
3) Leonardo da Vinci invented a lot of things.
4) Kate has been kind to me till now.
5) I haven't seen him since we finished school.
6) When did you go to the cinema last?
7) She is so happy! She has just got married.
8) He cannot find his phone. I think he has lost it.
9) Ann bought a car last year.
10) Where did they meet first?
- Ex. 13** 1) When evening fell, the rain had already stopped.
2) He was very tired because he had been translating an article for two hours.
3) When I entered the room, Brian was standing at the window.
4) They had walked three miles when Kate decided to come back.
5) When I left home, it was still snowing.

- 6) She took the phone and called her friend.
 7) My father had come from work by 7 o'clock.
 8) I bought this dress when I was in Italy.
 9) Kevin had been doing his homework for an hour when his mother called him.
 10) Before we went to the cinema, we had read an article about the film.

Ex. 14 1) too many 2) much 3) a lot of 4) a lot of 5) much 6) a lot of 7) much

Ex. 15 1) little 2) few 3) a few 4) a little 5) a little 6) a few 7) a little

Ex. 16 1. much 4. many 7. much 10. a few 13. a little
 2. a little 5. many 8. much 11. a few 14. much
 3. a few 6. a little 9. a few 12. a little 15. a few

Ex. 17 1) no 2) any 3) no 4) none 5) any 6) No 7) None

Ex. 18 1) neither 2) neither 3) either 4) all of 5) neither 6) both 7) any of

Ex. 19 1) all the money 2) The whole building 3) all our luggage 4) Each was 5) every four years 6) Both pictures 7) every minute

Ex. 20 1. c) 2. b) 3. b) 4. c) 5. a) 6. b) 7. c) 8. b) 9. a) 10. d)

MODULE 2

Ex. 1 1. will make 7. are leaving 13. knows
 2. finishes 8. starts 14. isn't
 3. is 9. feel 15. begins
 4. don't know 10. won't allow 16. promise
 5. will return 11. will go 17. will write
 6. will come 12. pass 18. am

Ex. 2 1. am going to do 4. are becoming 7. am 10. are going to do
 2. starts 5. are going 8. is going to be 11. have
 3. will enjoy 6. will send 9. are staying 12. will manage

Ex. 3 1. will be having 6. will have left
 2. will have done 7. will have gone
 3. will be lying 8. will be celebrating
 4. will have been working 9. will have been waiting
 5. will be staying 10. will be working

Ex. 4 1f, 2e, 3d, 4g, 5b, 6a, 7c

Ex. 5 I. 1c, 2a, 3b II. 1d, 2a, 3b III. 1a, 2c, 3b

Ex. 6

Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
fat	fatter	the fattest
interesting	more interesting	the most interesting
wise	wiser	the wisest
important	more important	the most important
little	less	the least
good	better	the best
fast	faster	the fastest
early	earlier	the earliest
dangerous	more dangerous	the most dangerous
bad	worse	the worst

Ex. 7 1) bigger 2) elder 3) more slowly 4) the tallest 5) easier 6) the most difficult 7) worse 8) the best
 9) better 10) the fastest

Ex. 8 1. b) 2. a) 3. d) 4. d) 5. a)

Ex. 9 1. My aim has always been to study English. 2. Why do it right away? 3. Don't make your child eat too much. 4. We are glad to see you here. 5. Sorry, but I really have to go now! 6. Never let a stranger come in. 7. He was made to play the violin. 8. I've never heard you sing this song. 9. The teacher didn't allow her to come into the room. 10. You ought to have known it a long time ago! 11. I want you to translate the text as soon as possible. 12. I saw a car stop by the hotel entrance. 13. He is known to be a good actor. 14. I expect you to finish work in an hour. 15. You'd better keep silent.

Ex. 10 1. A car was seen to stop near the hotel. 2. A bird in the tree was heard to start singing. 3. I was made to do the room. 4. They heard him call my name. 5. They made her do her homework. 6. They saw me enter the room. 7. Were you heard to tell a lie? 8. Did they see you take his

- thing? 9. Was she made to go shopping? 10. Did they make him rewrite the test?
- Ex. 11** A 1. phone 2. going B 1. to switch off 2. acting C 1. to interfere 2. waiting D 1. buying 2. to say
E 1. to reach 2. knocking F 1. to take 2. smoking G 1. jogging, swimming 2. to eat
- Ex. 12** 1. making 2. Eating 3. to have 4. eating 5. to order 6. eating 7. to cook 8. to trying 9. ordering
10. to have 11. stealing 12. to accept 13. to be 14. moving 15. dining 16. to do 17. to persuade
18. to buy 19. reading 20. taking
- Ex. 13** 1. such 2. so 3. so 4. so 5. such 6. so 7. so 8. such 9. so 10. such
- Ex. 14** 1. a 2. - 3. - 4. a 5. a 6. a 7. - 8. - 9. a 10. -
- Ex. 15** 1. What sad news! 2. It is such sweet coffee! 3. Aren't they good friends?! 4. What a thrilling film!
5. It is such a gloomy day!

MODULE 3

Ex. 1 1b, 2c, 3d, 4b, 5a

Ex. 2 1d, 2b, 3a, 4b, 5a

Ex. 3

Способность (Ability)	
A dolphin can swim very fast.	
He could read when he was four.	
Unfortunately I couldn't help her with the task.	
She has lost her glasses. She can't read.	
Jack was able to climb Everest last week.	
Возможность (Possibility)	
Don't swim in the sea at night, it could be dangerous.	
You can try this dish only in Thailand.	
They could have helped me, but they preferred to stay away.	
You can say whatever you want, I won't change my mind.	
She could have become a model.	

Ex. 4 1c, 2a, 3d, 4a, 5b

Ex. 5 1. You should take an umbrella 2. You should take a pill 3. She should call her parents 4. He should call a doctor 5. We should buy some

Ex. 6 1b 2a 3a 4c 5b 6d 7a 8d 9c 10b

Ex. 7

a) What would you do if you won a million pounds?	2
b) They will have to go back home, if they don't get any money.	1
c) If I had known you were ill, I'd have come to visit you.	3
d) What would have happened if they had failed the exam?	3
e) If you heat water to 100 degrees, it begins to boil.	0
f) If it stopped snowing, we would go out.	2
g) If the weather remains as fine as now, we will go fishing.	1

Ex. 8 1) wouldn't work 2) will be 3) don't have 4) would finish 5) would have died 6) would have heard 7) were

Ex. 9 1. I wish I had come to the party. 2. I wish I knew her phone number. 3. I wish I didn't live in the country. 4. I wish I hadn't made such a bad mistake. 5. I wish I could speak Italian. 6. I wish she loved me. 7. I wish he weren't (wasn't) in the army now. 8. I wish I weren't (wasn't) too young now. 9. I wish they had warned us then. 10. I wish I hadn't stayed in Moscow last summer. 11. I wish I remembered her name. 12. I wish you had come to see us. 13. I wish it weren't (wasn't) raining now. 14. I wish I could help you. 15. I wish you had understood me.

Ex. 10 1. Wrong: I wish Mike were at home now. 2. Right. 3. Wrong: I wish I had a lot of money. 4. Right. 5. Right. 6. Right. 7. Right.

Ex. 11 1. If I were (was) richer, I could afford to go abroad twice a year.
2. If I could swim, I could (would) go scuba diving with Jim.

3. The patient would have died if the surgeon hadn't operated on him.
4. If the summer hadn't been rainy, we wouldn't have had to stay indoors.
5. I wish I had listened to Brian then.
6. I wish I knew her address.
7. If only it were (was) spring now!

Ex. 12	I do like people	who	speak their minds.
	There is somebody here	—	I don't know.
	There aren't many books	—	I am really fond of.
	The clothes	which	she wears look strange.
	I need a watch	—	having a built-in alarm.
	You should only learn the words	which	are worth learning.
	The books	—	he writes are so boring.

Ex. 13 1. whom 2. when 3. whose 4. where 5. whose 6. who 7. where

Ex. 14 1b, 2c, 3c, 4b, 5c

Ex. 15 1. The boy who (that) was injured in the accident is in hospital now. 2. The people who (that) were arrested have now been released. 3. The people I talked to were very friendly. 4. Jane works for a company that (which) makes dish-washers. 5. John, who is my best friend, lives next door. 6. My Dad, who is a geologist, is in Canada now. 7. I have sent her two letters, neither of which she received. 8. London, which is the capital of Britain, is a very beautiful city. 9. I don't know the name of the woman whose car I borrowed. 10. I went back to the town (which) I was born in.

MODULE 4

Ex. 1 1. When was the house built? 2. Who will be named after his grandfather? 3. How is the article being translated? 4. What is the furniture in the bedroom made of? 5. When was the doctor sent for?

Ex. 2 1. was eaten 2. will be invited 3. has just been cancelled 4. is being repaired 5. were offered

Ex. 3 1. The rule is given by the authors on the first page. 2. A new lock has been bought by my parents. 3. The telephone was invented by Alexander Bell. 4. A tasty lunch had been cooked by my mother before I came home. 5. The town was destroyed by the hurricane last year. 6. This article will be translated tomorrow. 7. Her face was hidden by (in) the branches of the tree. 8. Some new metro lines are being constructed. 9. Russian isn't spoken in English classes. 10. They haven't been given any money yet./ No money has been given to them yet. 11. These dictionaries are often referred to by students. 12. I was made to do my bed (by my granny) 13. He is said to be a nice chap. 14. A new rule has just been explained to us by the teacher. 15. The boat was lost sight of in the fog.

Ex. 4 1. The radio was invented by Popov. 2. Moscow was founded by Yuri Dolgorukiy. 3. Microsoft was created by Bill Gates. 4. The film was shot by Steven Spielberg. 5. The Mona Lisa was painted by Leonardo da Vinci. 6. The car was produced by Mercedes 7. Moonwalk was danced by Michael Jackson

Ex. 5 1.
 1) I was brought a souvenir from Paris by my friend.
 2) A souvenir from Paris was brought to me by my friend.
 2.
 1) I wasn't told the truth by my little son.
 2) The truth wasn't told to me by my little son.
 3.
 1) The customer was shown the house by the owner.
 2) The house was shown to the customer by the owner.
 4.
 1) Sally has been promised a wonderful present by them.
 2) A wonderful present has been promised to Sally by them.
 5.
 1) Charles will not be sold the car by Fred.
 2) The card will not be sold to Charles by Fred.

Ex. 6 1. It is considered that she is very polite. 2. Mike is believed to win the race. 3. The composition must be finished by Stacy today. 4. Serge is known to be a noble man. 5. He was made to marry this girl by his parents.

Ex. 7 1. I suppose we are being followed. 2. It is being repaired. 3. It has been stolen! 4. The flights are (have been/will be) cancelled. 5. Have you ever been mugged? 6. You are expected to pass the exam. 7. It must have been blown down in the storm. 8. ... it was posted a week ago. 9. ... did you have it made? 10. Where were you born?

Ex. 8 1. was taken 2. was allowed 3. was blocked 4. be diverted 5. have been killed

Ex. 9 A

1. won't they? 2. has she? 3. do I? 4. wasn't it? 5. don't we? 6. hasn't she? 7. isn't it? 8. does she? 9. isn't it? 10. isn't he? 11. is he? 12. hasn't he? 13. won't it? 14. hasn't she? 15. aren't I? 16. did I? 17. didn't he? 18. aren't we? 19. isn't it? 20. hasn't he? 21., isn't she? 22. hasn't it? 23. had we? 24. wasn't it? 25. isn't it?

B

1. shall we? 2. will you/won't you? 3. will you/won't you? 4. will you/won't you? 5. will you? 6. shall we? 7. will you? 8. will you/won't you? 9. will you/won't you? 10. will you/won't you? 11. will you/won't you? 12. will you? 13. shall we? 14. will you/won't you? 15. will you?

Ex. 10 1.

A. They gave the cottage a new coat of paint.

B. They gave the cottage the final coat of paint.

2.

A. It all happened in the spring of 1990.

B. It all happened in spring.

3.

A. The verb in the sentence is wrong.

B. There should be a verb in the sentence.

4.

A. Look! The dinner has burnt.

B. Let's discuss it after dinner.

5.

A. When we were in England, we were staying at a nice small hotel by the sea.

B. I have never stayed at the Ritz Hotel.

6.

A. There are a lot of fish in the pond.

B. Near our cottage there is a pond.

7.

A. The novel is a book that has become a bestseller.

B. I am reading a novel by A. Christie.

Ex. 11 A

1. a, a 2. a, the, the 3. the, the, a 4. the, -, a 5. -. the 6. a, -, a, - 7. an, the, the, a 8. -, - 9. the, a, a, the 10. a, the, the, -.

B

1. -, the, a. a 2. a, a, -. 3. the, a. a, the, the, a. 4. -, an, the, the 5. the, the, -. the, the 6. -, an, a, a, 7. the, the, the. 8. the, the? an, the 9. -! -. a! 10. the, the. the!

C

1. the, a (the). a. 2. -, -. 3. a, the 4. -. the 5. a, a 6. a, the? a 7. the, the 8. the 9. -, the, the 10. a, the, the 11. a? 12. -, the 13. a, the 14. the, the 15. a, a 16. a, the 17. -, the 18. the 19. A, the, a 20. The, -.

D

1. a 2. the 3. the 4. a 5. - 6. the 7. - 8. a 9. a 10. a 11. a 12. the 13. - 14. - 15. the 16. the 17. a 18. -! 19. -! 20. a 21. the 22. the 23. the 24. a 25. the 26. - 27. the

E

1. the 2. the 3. a 4. the 5. the 6. a 7. the 8. a 9. the 10. - 11. the 12. a 13. - 14. - 15. - 16. a 17. the 18. a 19. - 20. a/the 21. a 22. the 23. -!

Ex. 12 1. myself 2. ourselves 3. them. 4. you 5. us 6. me 7. yourself 8. ourselves. 9. themselves. 10. myself.

MODULE 5

- Ex. 1** 1. studied 2. had already bought 3. were 4. would go 5. was washing 6. had left 7. was 8. had already arrived 9. had lost 10. wanted
- Ex. 2** 1. that he would wash the dishes 2. that they had never seen him 3. that it was raining 4. that she was very upset 5. he had been to London several times
- Ex. 3** 1. He said that he was going for a walk.
2. They told her that she was very beautiful that day.
3. Kevin said that his parents had gone to the dacha.
4. She said that she would always be with me.
5. Ann complained that she had a very difficult job there.
6. Mary said that she was glad to be there then.
7. He told me that they had spent a wonderful time.
8. They said that everything was very tasty.
- Ex. 4** 1. My sister said: "I found a good book yesterday."
2. He said: "I am a bad runner."
3. They confessed: "We don't like the performance."
4. Kira promised: "I will help my mother to do the house."
5. She said: "I have never been to Italy."
6. Sam complained: "I have a very busy day."
7. Orlando said: "I am doing his homework."
8. Miranda said: "I will not go to the cinema today."
- Ex. 5** 1. My father asked me where I lost my keys.
2. I wondered why they cancelled the performance.
3. He asked me where I will go for my holidays.
4. She asked her friend if/whether he/she could help her.
5. Stacy wondered when he came back.
6. They asked me if I liked it there.
7. He inquired if they will be there the next/following week.
8. Boris asked his father why he liked football.
- Ex. 6** 1. My father wondered: "When will you come home?"
2. She asked me: "Have you ever been to Portugal?"
3. He asked: "When did Steve enter the university?"
4. Julia inquired: "Why did they do/have they done their task so badly?"
5. They asked me: "Where are my parents?"
6. His parents wanted to know: "Can he/you drive?"
7. She wondered: "Why is it so cold outside?"
8. He asked me: "Do you want to join us?"
- Ex. 7** 1. Could you tell me where the performance will take place?
2. Do you know who has broken the window in the bedroom?
3. I doubt if/whether you went to the cinema last weekend?
4. I want to know when you came from school yesterday?
5. I wonder how long you have been here?
- Ex. 8** 1. They told him to mind his own business!
2. She asked her daughter not to talk to strangers in the street!
3. The sign tells everybody not to walk on the lawn!
4. They asked the customers to visit their new shop in Moscow!
5. The father told the nurse to let his daughter do what she wants!
6. She told her friend not to shout at her anymore!
7. The husband begged his wife not to buy those expensive shoes!
8. The child told his father to bring as many mushrooms from the forest as possible!
- Ex. 9** 1. Jack said that he could swim very fast.
2. He said to his mother that he might be late for lunch.
3. Barbara said that they/we could be busy in the evening.
4. My father complained that he had to meet his mother-in-law in the airport.
5. His granny said that he ought to be more polite with people.
6. The woman whispered to her beloved that she would always love him.

7. The gardener told his assistant that he/she didn't need to/didn't have to water the trees.

8. My friend said that she/he would have joined me/us.

Ex. 10 1. Dick said that the following month they would be travelling round Australia.

2. Ray said that he thought I might be coming down with flu.

3. I asked Mrs. Green if Jack had always had to wear a suite to work.

4. Jill said that the night before he had had Helen and Bill over for dinner.

5. Teddy said he was going to buy them as they were so cheap.

6. Jack remembered asking Gloria a week ago if she loved him.

7. Dick asked Helen, "Who did you go out with last weekend?"

8. Barry said, "Sam, come over to me tomorrow."

9. "Can I see Jill tomorrow?" asked Julian.

10. Sean said, "Sue will come to my place tonight."

Ex. 11 If the weather is bad, we will stay at home.

I won't go out if it begins to snow.

If they don't take a taxi, they will miss their train.

I'm sure you will like the movie when you see it.

We won't wait till Dad returns from work.

You won't find anybody there if you don't hurry.

I'm afraid that when his letter arrives, it will be too late.

There will be too many people in the shop if you go there now.

We will get to the station in ten minutes if we leave right now.

Do you think it will be a bit warmer when it stops raining?

Ex. 12 1. He will miss the plane if he doesn't take a taxi.

2. I shan't go away till granny returns.

3. I will not marry until I am thirty-three.

4. It'll be dark when we get to their place.

5. How long is it before the movie begins?

6. I'm sure you will like the flat when you see it.

7. She will certainly keep his word if she makes a promise.

8. I shall probably be out when he calls.

9. What shall I say when he asks?

10. Will it be all OK if I tell them everything?

Ex. 13 1. will be

2. won't go

3. comes

4. won't see

5. will be

6. doesn't tell

7. reads

8. will understand

9. will tell

10. asks

11. doesn't ring

12. will send

13. won't read

14. ask

15. won't miss

16. don't go

17. will help

18. come

19. won't marry

20. is

Ex. 14 1. returns

2. will help

3. will come

4. stops

5. will go

6. will stop

7. improves

8. will feel

9. will happen

10. won't tell

11. don't ask

12. will be (are)

13. will come

14. appears

15. will miss

Ex. 15 1. when 2. both 3. nor 4. because of 5. except 6. so 7. in case 8. Then 9. which 10. so as

MODULE 6

Ex. 1 1. They are having their cottage repaired at the moment.

2. He's lost his key. He'll have to have another one made.

3. This coat doesn't look nice. I must have it dry-cleaned.

4. When did you last have your hair cut?

5. His nose is bleeding. He (has) had it broken in a fight.

6. Where did you have your ears pierced?

7. How often do you have your car serviced?

8. I don't mind having my photograph taken.

9. We have just had the walls painted. Watch out!

10. Have you ever had your money stolen?

Ex. 2 1c, 2a, 3d, 4c, 5a

Ex. 3 1d, 2b, 3a, 4a, 5c, 6b, 7d, 8d, 9a, 10 b

Ex. 4 1c, 2a, 3a, 4d, 5a, 6d, 7b, 8b, 9c, 10a

Ex. 5 1c, 2d, 3a, 4a, 5d

Ex. 6 1b, 2d, 3a, 4d, 5c

Ex. 7 A

1. Seldom have we heard such nonsense! 2. Under no circumstances should you open the door to strangers. 3. Only when I came home did I understand that I had made a mistake. 4. Never again will you watch TV at such a late hour! 5. Rarely are artists appreciated when they are still alive. 6. Not until the rest of the guests had left could we talk freely. 7. Little did they know then what they were going to do.

B

1. Should she insist, ask her to give all the reasons. 2. Should there be many problems, we are always ready to help! 3. Should I get the job, I'll invite you to a restaurant. 4. Should you decide to sell your house, I'll be glad to buy it! 5. Should you see a good dictionary of slang, buy one for me.

C

1. Were there no oxygen in the air, there would be no life on our planet. 2. Were I king, I would change the world for the better! 3. Were this not so costly, everyone would be able to cope with it. 4. Were you to do what your parents advise you, you would never have problems. 5. Were I you, I would go to the dentist's right now.

D

1. Had I known it was so difficult, I would never have tried it. 2. Had she not been idle all the time, she would have passed the exam. 3. Had he not got an invitation, he wouldn't have gone to the party. 4. Had I not paid all my bills before, I would have got into trouble now. 5. Had they got married, they would already have a son and a daughter.

E

1. Were you not to work hard, you would never make any progress. 2. Should he fail you again, forget he has ever existed. 3. Were I to know what to do, I would finish work in no time. 4. Had the surgeon not operated on him, he would have died. 5. Had you strained your ears, you would have heard a noise in the bushes. 6. Were I you, I wouldn't do that. 7. Should you see her, tell her I'm waiting.

Ex. 8 1. Here it is. 2. Off they went, quickly. 3. Out they rushed, scared. 4. Down it went. 5. There he (she) goes.

Ex. 9 1. Up went the rocket! 2. Off flew the bird through the open window. 3. On the chair slept a huge cat. 4. Down came the prices! 5. In rushed the (overexcited) girl, overexcited.

Ex. 10 – Is he? – But I have. – No, it isn't. – So/Yes she is! – So can I. – Did he? – But I can't. – No, I don't. – So/Yes I am. – Neither have I.

Ex. 11 1. How much do the tickets cost? 2. How far is it from London to York? 3. How old is she? 4. I would like to know if/whether you have any spare rooms now? 5. I wonder if Jack knows the truth. 6. Do you know if/whether Sam passed his exam? 7. Where did Helen go last night? 8. Little did we know in our childhood what we would be like. 9. Only when I came home did I realize my mistake. 10. Under no circumstances will you be able to extend your visa. 11. If you (should) see her, we'll tell you immediately. 12. Were I to know what to do, I would certainly help you. 13. Had you come earlier, we would have already finished. 14. The rocket was ready. A signal was given and up it went. 15. Should you (ever) go there, let me know!

REVISION

1. a 2. b 3. c 4. b 5. a 6. b 7. b 8. a 9. a 10. c 11. b 12. a 13. c 14. b 15. a 16. b 17. a 18. a 19. a 20. c 21. c 22. c 23. a 24. b 25. c 26. b 27. c 28. c 29. c 30. a